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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/990,960	11/21/2001	Jeffrey A. Hall	HRT-55405	2916

24201 7590 11/20/2002

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EXAMINER
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VRETTAKOS, PETER J

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3739

DATE MAILED: 11/20/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/990,960

Applicant(s)

HALL, JEFFREY A.

Examiner

Peter J Vrettakos

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 November 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-19 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 20-33 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☒ Claim(s) 1-33 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

## Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other:

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**DETAILED ACTION**

***Election/Restrictions***

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-19, drawn to a method of troubleshooting an ablation system, classified in class 128, subclass 898.
- II. Claims 20-33, drawn to an ablation system, classified in class 606, subclass 34.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with David Savisky on 10-8-02 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of group II, claims 20-33.

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Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action.

Claims 1-19 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37

CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 20-22 and 26-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Strul et al. ('681).

#### **Independent claim 20**

Strul et al. (Strul) discloses an ablation system comprising: a power control system (18, fig. 4), a patient return electrode (23, col. 5:27-31), a computer with a RS-232 data port (col. 7:19-21), an EP monitoring system (ECG, col. 7:12-14), and a processor (60).

Note column 7 lines 26-35. The functions of the processor include *continuous monitoring* (or ongoing verifications) of current and voltage, which provides insight into the connection between the power control system and the return electrode, as well as the return electrode and the biological tissue. Also, note Strul's disclosure regarding system verification checks in: the last line of the abstract and column 6: 37-42.

Dependent claims

Re: claims 21 and 22, Strul discloses displays (42) and switches (44) that generate error indications when an open circuit in the ablation system is detected (col. 6:37-46). An open circuit could be due to the absence of an inserted connector breaching the connection between the power control system and the patient return electrode.

Re: claims 26-29, Strul discloses a connector to permit connection of the internal microprocessor to an external computer (col. 7:15-20). Strul discloses, as mentioned above, that when system connections are breached, an error signal is generated. This would inherently include the connection between the computer and the power control system.

Re: claims 31-33, Strul discloses a processor that is adapted to begin continuous monitoring / verification upon initiation of a signal from a switch (44e, col. 6:58-67). Further, Strul discloses a catheter (12) and a catheter receptacle (50).

Note: the applicant's system claims include language directed toward intended use (ex. claim 30, "wait for confirmation that the signals were displayed..."). The examiner is not obligated to provide prior art that explicitly discloses analogous intended use. As long as *all claimed structural elements* are located in the prior art, regardless if the art mentions analogous intended use, the prior art rejection is valid as the patented invention is deemed *capable* of performing the intended use steps found in the

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applicant's claims. In other words, the limitations found in the applicant's system claims that are directed toward intended use are not given any weight with regards to prior art rejections throughout this office action.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Strul in view of Newton et al. ('276).

Strul neglects to disclose a return electrode with at least two return pads.

Newton et al. (Newton) discloses a return electrode monitoring system comprising, *inter alia*, a power control system (10), an electrode (16) to be used in a catheter, and two electrically isolated return pads (20,22). Newton also discloses impedance detection circuitry (42) that will generate an error indication when the detected values are not within a targeted range (col. 4:43-53)

Further regarding impedance measurements, Strul discloses continuous monitoring (verification, comparison) of impedance values. When the monitored impedance values are greater than expected, an error indication is generated (col. 6:37-46).

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Therefore, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Strul in view of Newton by including as a design expedient, two return electrode pads. The motivation would be to avoid three common dangers inherent to single return electrode pads as disclosed by Newton in column 1. Specifically, the use of two pads allows for monitoring of impedance between the return electrodes and the patient itself (in addition to the impedance of the patient return circuit).

### ***Conclusion***

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Hoey et al. ('722), Shipp ('138), Mackey ('835), Cochran et al. ('458), Williams, Jr. et al. ('503).

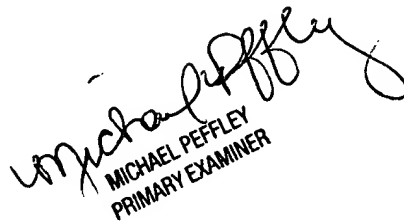
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter J Vrettakos whose telephone number is 703 605 0215. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Linda C Dvorak can be reached on 703 308 0994. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 746 7013 for regular communications and 703 746 7013 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 0858.

Pete Vrettakos  
November 16, 2002



MICHAEL PEFFLEY  
PRIMARY EXAMINER